

#### ANDHRA PRADESH STATE COUNCIL OF HIGHER EDUCATION

(A Statutory body of the Government of Andhra Pradesh)

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## REVISED SYLLABUS OF B.Sc. (ZOOLOGY) UNDER CBCS FRAMEWORK WITH EFFECT FROM 2020-21

#### PROGRAMME: THREE-YEAR B.Sc.

(Zoology)

(With Learning Outcomes, Unit-wise Syllabus, References, Co-curricular Activities & Model Q.P.)

For Fifteen Courses of 1, 2, 3 & 4 Semesters)

(To be Implemented from 2020-21 Academic Year)

## **Structure of ZOOLOGY Syllabus**

## (Under CBCS for 3-year B.Sc. Programme)

## (With domain subject covered during the first 4 Semesters with 5 Courses)

YEAR	SEM	PAPER	TITLE	MARKS (100)		
				MID	END	CREDITS
				SEMESTER	SEMESTER	
I	I	I	Animal Diversity – I	25	75	04
			Biology of Non-Chordates			
			Practical - I	25	75	01
	II	п	Animal Diversity – II	25	75	04
			Biology of Chordates			
			Practical - II	25	75	01
II	III	III	Cell biology, Genetics,			
			Molecular Biology &	25	75	04
			Evolution			
			Practical - III	25	75	01
	IV	IV	Physiology, Cellular	25	75	04
			Metabolism & Embryology			
			Practical - IV	25	75	01
			Immunology & Animal	25	75	04
		V	Biotechnology			
			Practical - V	25	75	01

#### AP STATE COUNCIL OF HIGHER EDUCATION

w.e.f. 2020-21 (Revised in April, 2020)

#### ZOOLOGY – SEMESTER I

#### PAPER - I: ANIMAL DIVERSITY - BIOLOGY OF NONCHORDATES

HOURS: 60 (5X12) Max. Marks: 100

Course Outcomes: By the completion of the course the graduate should able to –

- **CO1** Describe general taxonomic rules on animal classification
- CO2 Classify Protozoa to Coelenterata with taxonomic keys
- CO3 Classify Phylum Platy hemninthes to Annelida phylum using examples from parasitic adaptation and vermin composting
- CO4 Describe Phylum Arthropoda to Mollusca using examples and importance of insects and Molluscans
- CO5 Describe Echinodermata to Hemi chordata with suitable examples and larval stages in relation to the phylogeny

#### Learning objectives

- 1. To understand the taxonomic position of protozoa to helminthes.
- 2. To understand the general characteristics of animals belonging to protozoa to hemichordata.
- 3. To understand the structural organization of animals phylum from protozoa to hemichordata.
- 4. To understand the origin and evolutionary relationship of different phyla from protozoa to hemichordata.
- 5. To understand the origin and evolutionary relationship of different phylum from annelids to hemichordates.

#### **ZOOLOGY SYLLABUS FOR I SEMESTER**

#### PAPER – I: ANIMAL DIVERSITY – BIOLOGY OF NONCHORDATES

HOURS:60 (5X12) Max. Marks: 100

#### **UNIT I**

- 1.1 Principles of Taxonomy Binomial nomenclature Rules of nomenclature
- 1.2 Whittaker's five kingdom concept and classification of Animal Kingdom.

#### **Phylum Protozoa**

- 1.3 General Characters and classification of protozoa up to classes with suitable examples
- 1.4 Locomotion, nutrition and reproduction in Protozoans
- 1.5 Elphidium (type study)

#### UNIT -II

#### **PhylumPorifera**

- 2.1 General characters and classification up to classes with suitable examples
- 2.2 Skelton in Sponges
- 2.3 Canal system in sponges

#### **PhylumCoelenterata**

- 2.4 General characters and classification up to classes with suitable examples
- 2.5 Metagenesisin Obelia
- 2.6 Polymorphism in coelenterates
- 2.7 Corals and coral reefs

#### PhylumCtenophora:

**2.8** General Characters and Evolutionary significance(affinities)

#### Unit – III

#### **PhylumPlatyhelminthes**

- 3.1 General characters and classification up to classes with suitable examples
- 3.2 Life cycle and pathogenecity of *Fasciola hepatica*

#### 3.3 Parasitic Adaptations in helminthes

#### **Phylum Nemathelminthes**

- 3.4 General characters and classification up to classes with suitable examples
- 3.5. Life cycle and pathogenecity of *Ascarislumbricoides*

#### Unit – IV

#### Phylum Annelida

- 4.1 General characters and classification up to classes with suitable examples
- 4.2 Evolution of Coelom and Coelomoducts
- 4.3 Vermiculture Scope, significance, earthworm species, processing, Vermicompost, economic importance of vermicompost

#### Phylum Arthropoda

- 4.4 General characters and classification up to classes with suitable examples
- 4.5 Vision and respiration in Arthropoda
- 4.6 Metamorphosis in Insects
- 4.7 *Peripatus* Structure and affinities
- 4.8 Social Life in Bees and Termites

#### Unit - V

#### **Phylum Mollusca**

- 5.1 General characters and classification up to classes with suitable examples
- 5.2 Pearl formation in Pelecypoda
- 5.3 Sense organs in Mollusca

## PhylumEchinodermata

- 5.4 General characters and classification up to classes with suitable examples
- 5.5 Water vascular system in star fish
- 5.6 Larval forms of Echinodermata

#### **PhylumHemichordata**

5.7 General characters and classification up to classes with suitable examples

## 5.8 Balanoglossus - Structure and affinities

#### **Co-curricular activities (suggested)**

- Preparation of chart/model of phylogenic tree of life, 5-kingdom classification, *Elphidium* life cycle etc.
- Visit to Zoology museum or Coral island as part of Zoological tour
- Charts on life cycle of *Obelia*, polymorphism, sponge spicules
- Clay models of canal system in sponges
- Preparation of charts on life cycles of Fasciola and Ascaris
- Visit to adopted village and conducting awareness campaign on diseases, to people as part
  of Social Responsibility.
- Plaster-of-paris or Thermocol model of *Peripatus*
- Construction of a vermicompost in each college, manufacture of manure by students and donating to local farmers
- Models of compound eye, bee hive and terminarium (termitaria) by students
- Visit to apiculture centre and short-term training as part of apprenticeship programme of the govt. Of Andhra Pradesh
- Chart on pearl forming layers using clay or Thermocol
- Visit to a pearl culture rearing industry/institute
- Live model of water vascular system
- Phylogeny chart on echinoderm larvae and their evolutionary significance
- Preparation of charts depicting the feeding mechanism, 3 coeloms, tornaria larva etc., of Balanoglossus

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS**

- **1.** L.H. Hyman 'The Invertebrates' Vol I, II and V. M.C. Graw Hill Company Ltd.
- 2. Kotpal, R.L. 1988 1992 Protozoa, Porifera, Coelenterata, Helminthes,

Arthropoda, Mollusca, Echinodermata. Rastogi Publications, Meerut.

- 3. E.L. Jordan and P.S. Verma 'Invertebrate Zoology' S. Chand and Company.
- **4. R.D. Barnes** 'Invertebrate Zoology' by: W.B. Saunders CO., 1986.
- **5. Barrington. E.J.W**., 'Invertebrate structure and Function' by ELBS.
- 6 P.S. Dhami and J.K. Dhami. Invertebrate Zoology. S. Chand and Co. New Delhi.
- **7. Parker, T.J. and Haswell** 'A text book of Zoology' by, W.A., Mac Millan Co. London.
- 8. Barnes, R.D. (1982). Invertebrate Zoology, V Edition"

## **ZOOLOGY MODEL PAPER FOR I SEMESTER**

## **ZOOLOGY - PAPER - I**

## ANIMAL DIVERSITY – BIOLOGY OF NONCHORDATES

Time: 3 hrs		Max. Marks : 75
I. Answer any FIVE of the follo	5x5=25	
Draw labeled diagrams where	ever necessary	
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
6.		
7.		
8.		
II. Answer any FIVE of the following	5x10=50	
Draw labeled diagrams where	ever necessary	
9.		
	OR	
10.		
	OR	
11.		
	OR	
12.		
	OR	

13.

OR

# ZOOLOGY PRACTICAL SYLLABUS FOR I SEMESTER ZOOLOGY - PAPER - I

#### ANIMAL DIVERSITY - BIOLOGY OF NONCHORDATES

Periods: 24 Max. Marks: 50

#### **Learning Outcomes:**

- To understand the importance of preservation of museum specimens
- To identify animals based on special identifying characters
- To understand different organ systems through demo or virtual dissections
- To maintain a neat, labeled record of identified museum specimens

#### **Syllabus:**

#### 1. Study of museum slides / specimens / models (Classification of animals up to orders)

**Protozoa:** Amoeba, Paramoecium, Paramoecium Binary fission and Conjugation, Vorticella, Entamoebahistolytica, Plasmodium vivax

**Porifera**: *Sycon, Spongilla, Euspongia, Sycon*- T.S & L.S, Spicules, Gemmule **Coelenterata**: *Obelia* – *Colony & Medusa, Aurelia, Physalia, Velella, Corallium, Gorgonia, Pennatula*v.

**Platyhelminthes:** *Planaria, Fasciola hepatica, Fasciola*larval forms – Miracidium, Redia, Cercaria, *Echinococcusgranulosus, Taeniasolium*,

Schistosomahaematobiumvii.

**Nemathelminthes:** Ascaris(Male & Female), Drancunculus, Ancylostoma,

Wuchereria

Annelida: Nereis, Aphrodite, Chaetopteurs, Hirudinaria, Trochophore larva Arthropoda: Cancer, Palaemon, Scorpion, Scolopendra, Sacculina, Limulus, Peripatus, Larvae - Nauplius, Mysis, Zoea, Mouth parts of male &female Anopheles and Culex, Mouthparts of Housefly and Butterfly. xiii.

**Mollusca:** Chiton, Pila, Unio, Pteredo, Murex, Sepia, Loligo, Octopus, Nautilus, Glochidium larva

Echinodermata: Asterias, Ophiothrix, Echinus, Clypeaster, Cucumaria, Antedon,

Bipinnaria larva

Hemichordata: Balanoglossus, Tornaria larva

#### 2. Dissections:

1. Prawn: Appendages, Digestive system, Nervous system, Mounting of Statocyst

**2. Insect** Mouth Parts

3. Laboratory Record work shall be submitted at the time of practical e amination

- 4. An "Animal album" containing photographs, cut outs, with appropriate write up about the above mentioned taxa. Different taxa/ topics may be given to different sets of students for this purpose
- 5. Computer aided techniques should be adopted or show virtual dissections

#### **RFERENCEMANUALS:**

- 1. Practical Zoology- Invertebrates S.S. Lal
- 2. Practical Zoology Invertebrates P.S. Verma
- 3. Practical Zoology Invertebrates K.P. Kurl
- 4. Ruppert and Barnes (2006) Invertebrate Zoology,8<sup>th</sup> Edition, Holt Saunders International Edition